## **Project ICE**





### Increasing College Enrollment

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### **Presenters:**

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### **Project ICE**

#### **OVERVIEW:**

• A pilot project designed to increase the number of students with disabilities (SWD) attending the University of North Florida and other state colleges and universities.

#### FACILITATED BY:

• The Duval County Public School EE/SS High School Support Team including the Transition Specialists and Admissions Specialists will provide support throughout the project.

#### **ELIGIBLE STUDENTS:**

• The project will focus on 11<sup>th</sup> grade SWD graduating with a <u>standard diploma</u> who have identified college or university admission as a postsecondary goal.

### **PROJECT ACTIVITIES**

The transition team will work collaboratively with the teachers, school counselors and support staff to complete the following activities:

(1) Ensure Individual Education Plans have clearly written postsecondary education goals at specific postsecondary institutions.

(2) Provide information to students on the process of requesting accommodations on the ACT & SAT.

(3) Provide information/support to School Counseling Departments on the process of submitting information to testing agencies when accommodations are denied.

### **PROJECT ACTIVITIES**

(4) Initiate the Summary of Performance during the Spring semester of the student's junior year with enhanced elements to better support university/college admission requirements.

(5) Facilitate the use of the SOP in the admission process during the Fall Semester of the senior year as verification of their disability.

(6) Provide information to the students about the importance of self disclosure of their disability in the admissions process.

(7) Improve students' ability to describe how their disability impacts their learning and the accommodations needed for postsecondary academic success.

### **BENEFITS OF PARTICIPATION**

(1) Participate in the development of the *Summary of Performance* documentation to be used in the admissions process, replacing the previous requirement of a current psychological evaluation.

(2) Gain valuable information in the area of college and university admission for students with disabilities.

(3) The opportunity to provide feedback on the new processes/procedures.

### What Does the Data Tell Us?

Only 29% of youth with disabilities between the ages of 20 to 24 are employed compared to 61% of their counterparts without disabilities (U.S. Department of Labor, 2011).



### Post-Secondary Enrollment Trends

- Enrollment continues to increase. Some estimates are that 1 in 11 of freshmen entering PSE have disabilities.
- NLTS 2 results (eight years post high school):
  - 60% of the students continued on to postsecondary education
  - Most were more likely to enroll in 2 year colleges pursuing academic studies more than vocational
  - 63% of PSE students identified as having a disability in high school did not consider themselves to have a disability by the time they transitioned to higher education
  - 28% of PSE students with disabilities identified themselves as having a disability and informed their postsecondary schools of their disability.

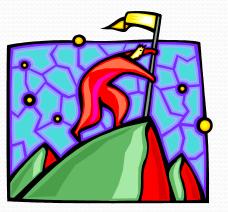
Getzel (2012)

### SOP Summary of Performance



## What is a Summary of Performance?

- Required by IDEA regulations.
- Provides summaries of academic achievement and functional performance.
- Required for students with disabilities who graduate with a standard or special diploma or who age out at 22yrs old.



### What does this really mean?

#### • The SOP

- is coordinated by a school representative.
- describes the student's present level of performance in two areas: academic achievement and functional performance.
- considers preferences and interests.
- includes standard scores, strengths, and needs.
- connects a student's disability to Essential Accommodations or Modifications, and/or Assistive Technology (EAMAT) used in high school.
- includes an opportunity for recommending EAMAT's that may be necessary in college or work settings.

### What does this really mean?

- it is a summary of <u>existing</u> information.
- does not require new testing.
- uses school data in student files and from the student, family, & current teachers.
- is based on the student's postsecondary goals.
- provides a narrative of preferences, interests, strengths, and needs described in understandable

terms.



# What is the <u>Student's</u> Role in the SOP Process?

- The **student should lead** the SOP process to the greatest extent possible including:
  - articulating his/her postsecondary goals
  - explaining his/her disability
  - explaining the connection between his/her disability and the EAMAT used in high school
- The SOP provides an opportunity for developing a portfolio for:
  - seeking employment
  - applying to a postsecondary program.



## From where can we gather data for the SOP?

- **Formal Assessments** are standardized; have strict guidelines for administering, scoring, and interpreting, and have been tested for reliability and validity.
- Informal Assessments include observations, recreation or work-based assessments, inventories, rating scales, record reviews, and interviews. They are usually not standardized.







### The Duval County SOP Template

- Part 1: Background information
- Part 2: Summary of performance (academic)
- Part 3: Summary of performance (functional)
- Part 4: Measureable postsecondary goals &
  - Recommendations of accommodations, assistive
  - devices, services/supports
- Part 5: Student input



### **Present Levels of Performance**

- All present levels of performance are described with a measurable assessment.
- EAMAT's used should be specific and justified by the data described in this section.
- Describe the test scores that are included and what they mean; don't just list them.
- Include multiple data sources.
- Ensure that recommendations for supports are specific, objective, and have clear evidence supporting them.
- Some skills may fit in more than one section.

### Post-Secondary Goals are....

- Identified using age-appropriate transition assessments
- Observable
- Measurable



- Descriptions of outcomes that occur after high school
- Updated annually



### Student Input

- Contains information on the student's disability, strengths, and supports that did and did not work.
- Should come directly from the student.
- Can be completed independently by the student or through an interview process with the student.



## How does the SOP relate to college admissions?

- The deadline for most college applications is during the fall of the student's senior year.
- Initiate the SOP for SWD's who have specified college as a postsecondary goal on their IEP, during the <u>spring</u> <u>of their junior year!</u>
- The SOP is designed to replace the psychological evaluation required by colleges and universities for entrance.
- SOP needs to be a <u>detailed</u> description of the student and their disability.

### **Completing a College Application**

- Components & Requirements:
  I disclosure of the disability on the application
  Current IEP
  summary of performance
  Personal statement\*\*
  letters of recommendation
  - ☑ copy of latest psychological evaluation





### ACT/SAT

- Required for college admission
- Begin taking in January of junior year
- Apply for accommodations
  - current IEP--Services & Accommodations page
  - Iatest psychological or triennial reevaluation
  - medical (i.e. Audiological, Vision)
  - if request is denied—letter of reconsideration by school staff



### **TAB-Transition Action Brief**

- 1 page quick reference guide for students, families and school staff.
- Distribute at IEP meetings, parent nights, etc.
- Cover a variety of topics:
  - A Student's Guide to the College Application Process
  - A Student's Guide to Applying for Accommodations on ACT/SAT
  - SOP.....coming soon!!!



### What now?



- ESE Teachers
  - Identify current Juniors with college as a post secondary goal on their IEP.
  - Gather all pertinent information (grades, test scores, etc).
  - Initiate the Summary of Performance.
  - Distribute the TAB's to students/parents at IEP meetings.
- School Counselors
  - Continue to encourage SWD to apply for accommodations on ACT/SAT.
  - Provide assistance to ESE teachers when students are denied accommodations.
  - Help identify ways to track SWD who have been approved/denied ACT/SAT accommodations.
  - Help identify ways to track SWD who have applied to UNF and were either accepted or denied admission.
  - Distribute TAB's to students/parents in office and/or at parent nights.



- Going to College: Expanding Opportunities for People with Disabilities.
   Edited by Elizabeth Evans Getzel,., & Paul Wehman
- Project 10 Transition Education Network
  <a href="http://project10.info/">http://project10.info/</a>



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